



# COVID-19 Health Screening

## Daily Screening Questionnaire for Students

Student Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Parent or  
Screener: \_\_\_\_\_ Time: \_\_\_\_\_

<b>Do you have any of the following symptoms that are not caused by another condition? (On the first day after a break include the past 3 days/72hrs)</b>	<b>YES</b>	<b>NO</b>
<b>COUGH</b>		
<b>SHORTNESS OF BREATH</b>		
<b>FEVER (100.4F) OR CHILLS</b>		
<b>SORE THROAT</b>		
<b>UNUSUAL FATIGUE</b>		
<b>HEADACHE</b>		
<b>MUSCLE or BODY ACHES</b>		
<b>NAUSEA or VOMITING</b>		
<b>DIARRHEA</b>		
<b>CONGESTION OR RUNNY NOSE-not related to seasonal allergies</b>		
<b>NEW LOSS OF TASTE OR SMELL</b>		
Have you been in close contact with anyone with confirmed COVID-19?		
Have you had a positive COVID-19 test for an active virus in the past 10 days?		
Within the past 14 days, has a public health or medical professional told you to self-monitor, self-isolate, or self-quarantine because of concerns about COVID-19 infection?		

<b>MUST REMAIN HOME IF ANY ANSWERS ARE YES</b>		
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### **Returning to school after having suspected signs of COVID-19**

For ill persons without known exposure to a confirmed COVID-19 case, follow DOH guidance for what to do if you have symptoms for COVID-19 and have not been around anyone who has been diagnosed with COVID-19.

- If testing for COVID-19 is not performed, stay home for at least 10 days after symptom onset, and at least 24 hours after fever has resolved and symptoms have improved. (People with severe disease or immunocompromised may need to be isolated at home for longer.)
- If testing for COVID-19 is negative, stay home until 72 hours after fever resolves and symptoms are improving.
- People who are ill and had known exposure to a person with confirmed COVID-19 should be encouraged to be tested for COVID-19 and should stay out of school until at least 10 days after symptom onset, and at least 24 hours after fever has resolved and symptoms have improved. (People with severe disease or immunocompromised may need to be isolated at home for longer.)

Ask staff and students' parents or caregivers to inform the school right away if the ill person is diagnosed with COVID-19.

If a student or staff member tests positive for COVID-19, the local health jurisdiction will provide advice, but it is possible that many of the student's classmates and teachers will be considered close contacts and need to be quarantined for 14 days. Refer them to What to do if you were potentially exposed to someone with confirmed coronavirus disease (COVID-19)?

### **Returning to school after testing positive for COVID-19**

**A staff member or student who had confirmed COVID-19 can return to the program when:**

- At least 24 hours have passed since recovery – defined as no fever without the use of medications and improvement in respiratory signs like cough and shortness of breath;

AND

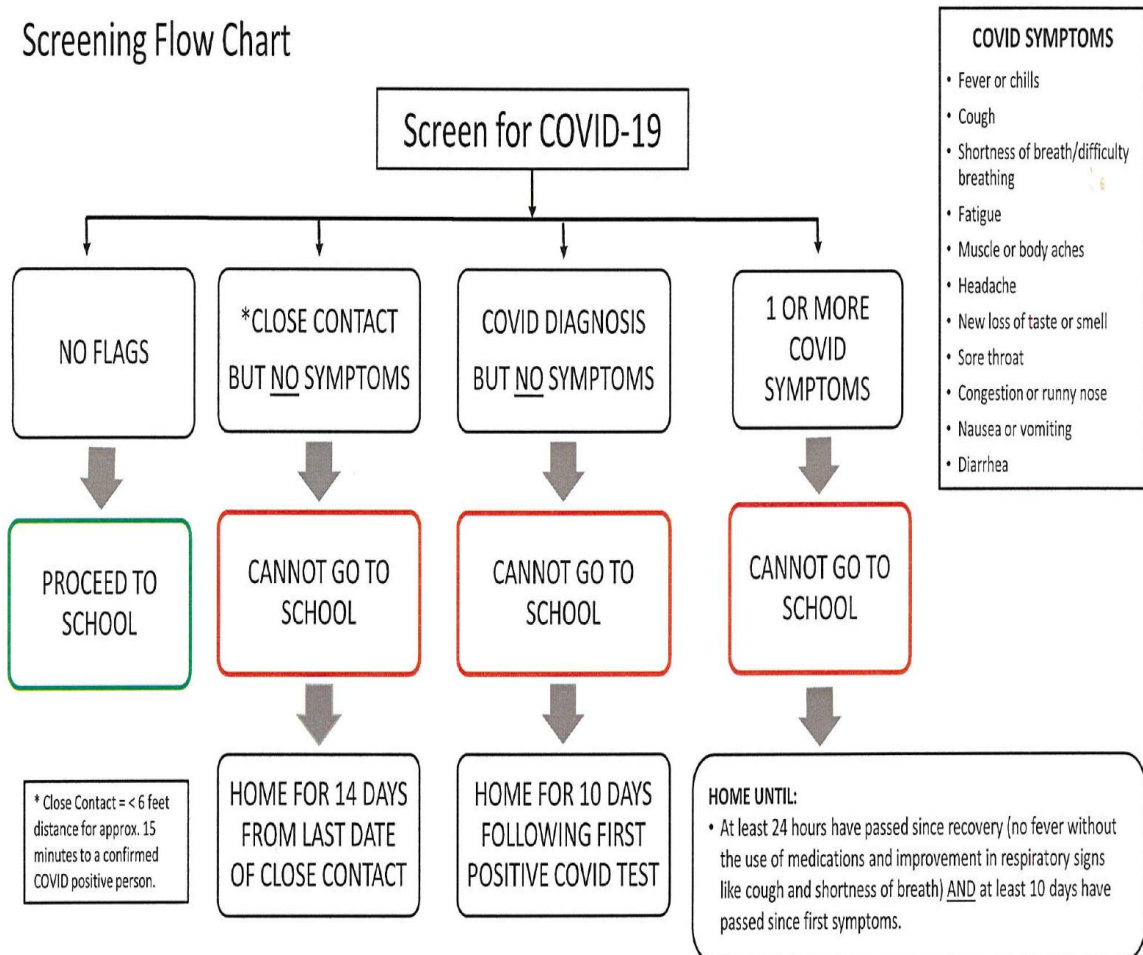
- At least 10 days have passed since signs first showed up.

### **Returning to school after being in close contact to someone with COVID-19**

If a person believes they have had close contact to someone with COVID-19, but they are not sick, they should watch their health for signs of fever, cough, shortness of breath, and other COVID-19 symptoms during the 14 days after the last day they were in close contact with the person sick with COVID-19. They should not go to work, child care, school, or public places for 14 days. If a person develops symptoms of COVID-19 during their quarantine, they should seek testing for COVID-19, and follow guidance above for confirmed COVID-19 cases. Consider testing at day, 10 even if no symptoms are present. However, a negative test after exposure does not shorten the 14 day quarantine period.

# Handling Suspected, Presumptive or Confirmed Cases of COVID-19 Flow Chart & Protocol

## Screening Flow Chart



Reference: Washington Department of Health